



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

SELLER'S AFFIDAVIT
NONRESIDENT SELLER WITHHOLDING
S.C. Code Section 12-8-580

I-295
(Rev. 9/9/03)
3278

This is an affidavit of facts. Whether or not this affidavit is sufficient to relieve the buyer of the responsibility to withhold is governed by SC Revenue Advisory Bulletin #02-06. Please read this affidavit carefully in conjunction with this Advisory Opinion.

The undersigned on oath, being first duly sworn, hereby certifies as follow:

1. This affidavit is being given in connection with a sale of real estate pursuant to SC Revenue Advisory Bulletin #02-06.
2. I have attached to this affidavit a description of the real property and any tangible personal property being sold as part of this sale. The real property is located in the County of Horry, and its Tax Map Parcel Number is _____.
3. The undersigned is the seller of the property described in the attached description.
4. The closing date of this sale is _____.
5. The Seller's name is _____.
6. The Seller's address is _____.
7. The Seller's Social Security Number or Taxpayer Identification Number is _____, _____, _____.
8. The undersigned acknowledges his/her obligation to file a South Carolina Income Tax Return for the year of sale.
9. ___ **Resident.** The seller is a resident of South Carolina, as that term is defined in the South Carolina income tax laws (Code Section 12-6-30 *et. seq.*).
10. ___ **Deemed Resident.** Pursuant to Code Section 12-8-580(c) and S. C. Revenue Advisory Bulletin #02-06, the Seller is deemed to be a resident of South Carolina because:
 - 1a. The Seller is a corporation incorporated outside South Carolina, has its principal place of business in South Carolina, and does no business in its state of incorporation, OR
 - 2b. The Seller (i) has been in business in South Carolina during that last two taxable years, including the year of sale, (ii) will continue substantially the same business in South Carolina after the sale, (iii) is not delinquent with respect to filing any South Carolina income tax returns, (iv) has filed at least one South Carolina income tax return, and (v) has a Certificate of Authority to do business in South Carolina or is registered to do business in South Carolina, AND
 - 3a. The Seller agrees to report the sale on a timely filed South Carolina income tax return.
11. ___ **Tax Exempt Organizations.** The Seller is an organization exempt from income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501 (a) or is an insurance company exempt from South Carolina taxes on income.
12. ___ **Gain Amount.** The Seller affirms, pursuant to Code Section 12-8-580(b), that the amount of the gain required to be recognized on this transaction and on which Buyer is to make the requisite withholding will not exceed \$ _____.
13. ___ **Withholding Amount Equals Entire Net Proceeds.** If the withholding amount is limited to the entire net proceeds, any lien, mortgage or credit line advance which was made within one year prior to the closing was not made in contemplation of the sale. See Question and Answer 15 in S. C. Revenue Advisory Bulletin #02-06 for a discussion of loans made in contemplation of the sale.
14. **Installment Sale.**

___ The Seller will report this sale on the installment method for South Carolina income tax purposes and has attached an amortization schedule correctly designating the principal and interest portions of the payments. If withholding is to be limited to the gain, the Seller has entered the gain amount in Item 12.

___ The Seller elects out of the installment sale method for South Carolina purposes and will report the entire withholding in one payment. If withholding is to be limited to the gain, the Seller has entered the gain amount in Item 12.

15. ___ **Principal Residents or Involuntary Conversion-Non-Recognition of Gain.** The sale of the property will not be subject to taxes because of Internal Code Section 121 (Sale of a Principal Residence) or Internal Code Section 10-33 (Involuntary Conversions). If the Seller fails to comply with Section 1033, the Seller acknowledges an obligation to file an amended South Carolina Income Tax Return for the year of the sale.

16. **Like Kind Exchange.**

___ In a simultaneous exchange, the entire gain is deferred under Internal Revenue Code Section 1031.

___ A gain will be partially recognized. Enter the gain amount in Item 12.

___ The gain is intended to be deferred under Internal Revenue Section 1031 using a Qualified Intermediary and the steps required by S. C. Revenue Advisory Bulletin #02-06 have been completed.

17. ___ **Employee Relocation.** transaction involves the sale of an employee's property which is being sold by an employer or relocation company in connection with the employee's transfer. For income tax purposes, the sale is treated as a sale by the employer or relocation company.

The undersigned understands that this Affidavit may be disclosed to the Department and that any false statement contained herein could be punished by fine, imprisonment, or both. Under penalties of perjury, the undersigned declares that it has examined this affidavit and, to the best of its knowledge and belief, it is true, correct and complete.

By: _____

If the person making the affidavit is not the Seller, complete the following:

(Affiant's Social Security Number or Taxpayer Identification Number)

(Affiant's Number, Street or Rural Route)

(Affiant's City, State and Zip Code)

Social Security Privacy Act Disclosure. It is mandatory that you provide your social security number on this tax form if you are an individual taxpayer. 42 U.S. C. 405(c)(2)(C)(i) permits a state to use an individual's social security number as means of identification in administration of any tax. SC Regulation 117-201 mandates that any person required to make a return to the SC Department of Revenue shall provide identifying numbers, as prescribed, for securing proper identification. Your social security number is used for identification purposes.

The Family Privacy Protection Act. Under the Family Privacy Protection Act, the collection of personal information from citizens by the Department of Revenue is limited to the information necessary for the Department to fulfill its statutory duties. In most instances, once this information is collected by the Department, it is protected by law from public disclosure. In those situations where public disclosure is not prohibited, the Family Privacy Protection Act prevents such information from being used by third parties for commercial solicitation purposes.